

In OH

V-72 ; *отт. 4-19029*

1958

GaOH, InOH, TlOH (Do)

Bulewicz E.M., Sugden T.M.

Trans. Faraday Soc., 1953, 54, N 6,
830-837

Определение констант диссоциации
и теплот образования ~~между~~ молекул
методом фотометрии пламен. Часть 4.
Стабильность

РХ., 1959, N 24,
84795

J, M

T

1959

V-42; 07.07.59-19029

Определение констант диссоциации и $\frac{\Delta G^\circ}{RT}$ $\frac{\Delta H^\circ}{RT}$ $\frac{\Delta S^\circ}{R}$
 и теплообразования
 молекулы методом фото-

метрии пламен. Часть 4. Стабильное CaOH , ZnOH , TiH
 Часть 5. Стабильное MgO и MgOH

Бундур, Сагден

Trans. Faraday Soc., 1958, 54, 16, 830-837
 1959, 55, 15, 720-729

$$\Delta_0(\text{CaOH}) = 102 \pm 5$$

$$\Delta_0(\text{ZnOH}) = 86 \pm 7 \text{ ккал/мол}$$

$$\Delta_0(\text{TiH}) = 44 \pm 7 \text{ ккал/мол}$$

III, GaOH

УДМ

Ом. 17580

1964

Гурвич Л. В., Рябово В. Т.,

До;

Теплофизико-высоких
температур, 1964, 2,
№, 540-548.

2 и 04

In 04

Гурвич Л.В., Шовиков М.М., 1964
Рябова В.Г.

Тр. Комис. по спектроскопии. АН СССР
вып. №1, 560-567, илл., библиогр.
7 назв.

Исследование спектров и энергий дис-
социации кислородных соединений галлия
и индия.

V-3295

(ан. 7а0)

1963

~~Gal~~

Chervich L. V., Novikov M.,
Ryabova V. G.

Ind

Opt. Spectry (USSR), 18, 68.

An investigation of the
spectra and a determina-
tion of the dissociation
energy of gallium and
indium oxygen compounds

Гад (Do, we, wepe) 3254-V 1965.

Гад; Гад (Do)

Гурьев Л.В., Новиков М.И., Рябова В.Г.,

Визина и Смирносиния, 1965, 18(1), 132-4.

Исследование смесей и определение
теплой декомпозиции многообразных
соединений галлия и индия.

Ю



СА, 1965, 62, №12, 4059 e

1941

Kelly R.
Padley P. J.

Trans. Faraday Soc.
1941, 67, 13, 440-449

YnOH

Do,
exp. pa

(Cer. GaoH) III

Yvoh Commence 106441 1980

Daidoji H.

метод
нормал.

бумага

J. Chem. Soc. Jap. Chem.
and Incl. Chem., 1980,
N 11, 1718 - 1722

InOH

1983

Douglas Monte A.,
Mauge Robert H., et al.

Стекпорт
в
ампу-
лах

J. Chem. Soc. Faraday
Trans., 1983, Pt 1, 79, N 7,
1533 - 1553.

(с. Al ... OH₂; III)

In...OH₂

1983

Douglas Monte A.,
Marge Robert H., et al.

примеры
в
ампи-
лар

J. Chem. Soc. Faraday
Trans., 1983, Pt 1, 79, N 7,
1533 - 1553.

(ср. Al...OH₂; III)

$\cdot \text{HInO}$
(InOH)

[om. 30490]

1988

Jacox M.E.,

Ti, J. Phys. and Chem. Ref.
Data, 1988, 17, N2, 294.



Inde

(Om. 37602)

1994

Lakin N.M., Brown J.M.,
et al.,

et al.

J. Chem. Phys., 1994, 100,
N 11, C. 8548-49

P.A.X. N 24, 1994, 245 1192

In OH

DM 37602

1994

121: 94826r The identification of InOH in the gas phase and determination of its geometric structure. Lakin, Nicholas M.; Brown, John M.; Beattie, Ian R.; Jones, Peter J. (Phys. Chem. Lab., Oxford, UK OX1 3QZ). *J. Chem. Phys.* 1994, 100(11), 8546-9 (Eng). The first gas phase observation of the species InOH is

reported through the detection of its electronic spectrum in the near UV region, between 345 and 377 nm. The mol. was generated by the high temp. reaction between H₂O and In metal or between H₂ and In₂O₃, and cooled in a free jet expansion. Two sep. electronic transitions have been identified and are tentatively assigned as $\alpha^1A' \leftarrow \bar{X}^1A'$ and $\beta^1A'' \leftarrow \bar{X}^1A'$. Values for the vibrational wavenumbers, ν_2 (bending vibration) and ν_3 (In-O stretching vibration) have been detd. for InOH and InOD in all three electronic states involved. There is evidence that the mol. is quasilinear in its ground electronic state which somewhat complicates the values detd. for ν_2 in this state. Rotational structure was easily resolved at the lowest temp. achieved in this work ($T_{rot} \approx 12$ K). Anal. of this structure shows that the mol. is bent in all of the electronic states studied, with a bond angle of about 132° in the $\bar{X}$ state and about 105° in the α and β states.

структура,
электронная
спектр

$\alpha^1A' \leftarrow \bar{X}^1A'$
 $\beta^1A'' \leftarrow \bar{X}^1A'$

C. A. 1994, 121, N 8.

INDH (Om. 38456) 1996

Nicholas M. Lakin,
Christopher J. Whitam,
John M. Brown,

Chem. Phys. Lett., 1996,
250, N1, 9-13
Evidence for Renner-Teller

coupling in the upper, triplet
electronic state of the 370 nm
system of IndH.

InOH

1997

127: 87464s The detection of lines in the microwave spectrum of indium hydroxide, InOH, and its isotopomers. Lakin, Nicholas M.; Varberg, Thomas D.; Brown, John M. (Physical Theor. Chemistry Lab., Oxford Univ., Oxford, UK OX1 3QZ). *J. Mol. Spectrosc.* 1997, 183(1), 34-41 (Eng), Academic. The rotational transition $1_{01}-0_{00}$ for InOH in its ground $^1A'$ state was detected with a pulsed microwave spectrometer; the mol. was generated by laser ablation of In(III) hydroxide, $\text{In}(\text{OH})_3$. The same transition also was recorded for two of its isotopomers, In^{18}OH and InOD . Hyperfine structure arising from both the ^{115}In and ^1H (or ^2D) nuclei was obsd. The results were combined with others from UV spectroscopy to det. an r_0 structure for the mol.: $r_0(\text{In}-\text{O}) = 0.20167(4)$ nm, $r_0(\text{OH}-\text{H}) = 0.0911(4)$ nm, $\angle\text{InOH} = 132.0(3)^\circ$. These values reflect the very marked effect of averaging over a large-amplitude bending vibration in InOH in its zero point level. Values for the ^{115}In and ^2D elec. quadrupole coupling consts. and for some smaller, magnetic hyperfine terms are also derived.

фраза-
чекм,

$\angle \text{OH}-\text{In}$,
 $< \text{InOH}$

C. A. 1997, 127, N 6

InOH

cg. 40149

1999

comp. paper
Do (In-OH),
emp - pa

131: 23755n InOH: A Quantum Chemical Study. Arulmozhiraja, Sundaram; Fujii, Toshihiro; Tokiwa, Hiroaki (National Institute for Environmental Studies, Ibaraki, Japan 305-0053). *J. Phys. Chem. A* 1999, 103(20), 4085-4088 (Eng), American Chemical Society. The structure and energetics of the InOH mol. were thoroughly studied using higher level ab initio and d. functional theories for the first time. The bond angle, $\theta(\text{InOH})$, and harmonic vibrational frequency, ν_2 (bending), calcd. using a 6-311++G(2d,2p) basis set were in good agreement with recent exptl. detd. values. The use of triple- ζ plus double polarization with diffusion function basis set was required to reproduce the exptl.

C.A., 1999, 131, N2