

AS_n

1973

As₃⁻

As₂⁻

As⁻

(R.P)

ΔH_f

13 B870. Отрицательные ионы при высокой температуре: электронный удар в парах As₄. Bennett S. L., Margrave J. L., Franklin J. L., Hudson J. E. High temperature negative ions: electron impact of As₄ vapor. «J. Chem. Phys.», 1973, 59, № 11, 5814—5819 (англ.)

В интервале т-р 380—420° при испарении мышьяка из камеры Кнудсена с помощью масс-спектрометра обнаружены образующиеся за счет диссоциативной ионизации отриц. ионы As₃⁻; As₂⁻; As⁻ с Пт появления $80,7 \pm 2,3$; $70,2 \pm 2,3$; $83,0 \pm 2,3$ ккал/моль соотв. Определены избыточные энергии ионов As₃⁻, As₂⁻, As⁻, соотв. равные $10,6 \pm 0,8$; $18,3 \pm 0,7$; $11,4 \pm 0,6$ ккал/моль. Установлено, что найденные ионы образуются при электронном ударе за счет процессов $As_4 + e \rightarrow As_n^- + As_{4-n}$ ($n = 1, 2, 3$). Образование As⁻ за счет процесса $As_4 + e \rightarrow As^- + As_2 + As$ маловероятно. С помощью лит. данных вычислены ΔH° (обр., 298° K) газ. As₂⁻, As₃⁻ и As₃, соотв. равные $43,1 \pm 4,5$; $38,3 \pm 4,3$; $57,6 \pm 3,9$ ккал/моль и сродства к электрону As₂ и As₃, равные $2,4 \pm 4,1$ и $19,3 \pm 8,2$ ккал/моль.

М. В. Коробов

Отм. № 4-3800

(+1)
☒

X. 1974. N 13

(см. As₂; I)

As₃

ommuch 5457

1977

Lowe J.P.

J. Amer. Chem. Soc.,
1977, 99, (17), 5557-70.

(Ae)

As₈

1981

Tringnier G., et al.

Chem. Phys. Lett., 1981,
80, N 3, 552 - 557.

кв. мех. рас.,
геом. сим. поет,

Do

(сес.  N₄ ; III)

As_7^{3-}

1986

Cyvin B.N., Cyvin S.J.,
et al.

curr.
noceir.,
ii;

Z. Naturforsch., A: Phys.
Phys. Chem., Kosmophys.
1986, 41A (3), 549-52.

(cur. P_7^{3-} ; iii)

As₃

1991

Balasubramanian K.,
Sumathi K., et al.

J. Chem. Phys. 1991.

ser. n.

95, N.S.C. 3494-3505.

( P₃; III)

As₃ 119 108

1991

Katircioglu S., Erkoç S.,

и.п. Chem. Phys. Lett., 1991,
182, N 5; с. 451-454.

Структурная стабильность и
жесткость микрочастиц
As, Sb и Bi. ● Равенство с ис-
р.ж.ф. N 11, 1991

пользователи гипертекстовой линков-
гастической функции потенциальной
жизни.

As_x
($x = 1-4$)

1991

Meier U., Peyerim-
hoff S.D. et al.

Chem. Phys. 1991. 150,
N3, C. 331 - 351.

u. n.

($Ge \bullet Ga_x$; III)

As_n

1992

120: 38719a Ion/molecule reactions of metal and semiconductor clusters: ionization potentials and electron affinities. Bach, S. B.; Bruce, J. E.; Cheeseman, M. A.; Ramanathan, R.; Watson, C. H. (Dep. Chem., Univ. Florida, Gainesville, FL USA). *Report* 1992, 39; Order No. AD-A251618, 22 pp. (Eng). Avail. NTIS. From Gov. Rep. Announce. *Index (U. S.)* 1992, 92(19), Abstr. No. 252,552. Electron affinities and ionization potentials of As, C, P, Ag, Au, and Cu clusters were estd. precisely based on charge-transfer bracketing expts. involving cluster ions and neutral mols. of known electron affinities and ionization potentials.

(Ae, I, Oseika)



(75)

Li_n, P_n, Ag_n, Au_n, Cu_n



C.A. 1994, 120, N4

A3n

1993

Back S.B.H., Bruce J.E.,
et al.,

(J, Ae)

On Clusters Clustering
1993, 59-68.

(all. [n i III])

As_m
 $m < 6$

1993

120: 38743d Structure and ionization potentials of clusters containing heavy elements. I. Homonuclear group V clusters up to hexamers. Igel-Mann, G.; Stoll, H.; Preuss, H. (Inst. Theor. Chem., Univ. Stuttgart, W-7000 Stuttgart, 80 Germany). Mol. Phys. 1993, 80(2), 325-39 (Eng). Homonuclear clusters X_m of heavy group V atoms ($X = As, Sb$) up to $m = 6$ have been studied with valence ab initio self consistent field/configuration integration calcs. using energy-adjusted pseudopotentials. Several structures have been investigated and results are given for bond lengths (R_e), atomization energies (D_e) and vertical ionization potentials of the ground states. Comparison with exptl. and other theor. values is made where possible.

ab initio pac
rem energy -
for u g

(+) $\square$ Sb_m ($m < 6$)

C.A. 1994, 120, 24

As_n

[Om. 37754]

1994

$n=2, 4, 12, 20$

Mingzuo Shen and
Henry F. Schaefer III

J. Chem. Phys., 1994, 101,
N3, 2281-... (ironko temp.)

Dodecahedral  and smaller

ar seric clusters: A_{3n} , $n=2,4,12,20$



As₂₀

1994

Shen Mingzuo,
Schaefer III Henry F.

серабильн. J. Chem. Phys. 1994,
4
структ. 101 (3), 2267-72.

●
(сер. As₂, ~~As₄~~, ~~As₁₂~~; II)

As₁₂

1994

Shen Mingzuo,

Schaefer III Henry F.

neopem.
pacrim

J. Chem. Phys. 1994,
101 (3), 2267-72.

(cur. As₂, ~~As₄~~, ~~As₁₂~~; III)

As₆

1994

120: 117266d Valence isomers of benzene and their relationship to the isoelectronic isomers of arsenic molecule (As₆). Warren, D. Scott; Gimarc, Benjamin M.; Zhao, Ming (Dep. Chem. Biochem., Univ. South Carolina, Columbia, SC 29203 USA). *Inorg. Chem.* 1994, 33(4), 710-15 (Eng). The authors report the results of geometry-optimized ab initio SCF-MO calcns. for As₆ in structural forms corresponding to the five valence isomers of benzene, C₆H₆, with which As₆ is valence-isoelectronic. The authors used Scuseria's 752+P polarized basis set for arsenic. The resulting energy ordering of As₆ isomeric structures is very similar to what the authors found previously for P₆ isomers but quite different from that known for the C₆H₆ valence isomers. For As₆ as for P₆, prismane and benzvalene structures have the lowest energies while the planar hexagon (benzene) has the highest. The range of energies of the five structures is small, around 45 kcal/mol, somewhat larger than for the P₆ isomers but far smaller than for C₆H₆. Calcd. bond distances are easily identified with exptl. examples of As-As single, double, and arom. bonds. The energy of 2As₆ lies only 30 kcal/mol above that of 3As₄. Calcd. energy change of homodesmotic reactions involving As₆ and As₄ give ests. of strain energies and resonance energies. The strain energies range from 2 kcal/mol for Dewar benzene to 33

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смагнати,
мел. пачет

C.A. 1994, 120, N10

kcal/mol for prismane. These are uniformly lower than comparable calcd. strain energies of P_6 isomers and much lower than strain energies of the valence isomers of C_6H_6 . The authors' est. of the resonance energy of planar hexagonal As_6 is 17.6 kcal/mol, somewhat larger than that for the same structure for P_6 and smaller than the calcd. resonance energy of benzene, C_6H_6 . Using calcd. strain and resonance energies for As_6 isomers, the authors obtain an est. of 60 kcal/mol for the As:As double bond energy. As with carbon and phosphorus, the homoat. double bond is weaker than two homoat. single bonds, and it is this result that establishes the basic energy ordering of As_6 isomers. Calcd. charge densities for As_6 isomers are uniformly smaller than those for comparable P_6 structures. Weaker bonds, smaller strain energies, and lower charge densities are properties that are consistent with the fact that valence AO's of larger principal quantum no. are more diffuse.

As₈

[Dm. 38881 "a"]

1997

Rodionov A.N., Zhukovskii
Yu. F. et al.,

Кв.-хем.

паветы

г. Мол. Struct., 1997,
410-411 , 361-364.

Formation
in molecular 

As₈ dimers
solid-state
arsenic

[Om. 39557]

1998

A33

A35

Lippa T.P. et al.,

J. Chem. Phys., 1998,

M.A.

109, N2, 10727-10731

As³⁻

DM 39557
Lippa T.P. et al., 1998

gromotekmp.
Cnekmp,
M.A., Do

J. Chem. Phys. 1998,
109(24), 10727-781

(all As³⁻; III)

As⁻

Om 39557

1998

Lippa T.P. et al.,

qomozhemy.
cremy,
M.A. Do

J. Chem. Phys. 1998,
109(24), 10727-731

(all. As⁻; III)

F: Asn

P: 3

1999

132:227699 Energetics and stability of Gam, Asn, and GamAsn microclusters calculation. Erkoç, Sakir; Turker, Lemi Department of Physics, Middle East Technical University Ankara 06531, Turk. Physica E (Amsterdam), 5(1&2), 7-15 (English) 1999 Calcns. based on PM3 type semiempirical MO method have been performed to investigate the energetics and structural stabilities of Gam, Asn, and Ga microclusters. It has been found that both two- and three-dimensional geometries are realizable as stable structures.

C.A. 2000, 132

A13

(on P1443)

2002

Heechol Choi et al,

J. Phys. Chem. 2002,
A106, 5777-87

коммент.
коммент.
сб - др
Низкая.
Темпер.
сост.
аб initio расчет