

50

Pd2

Bq - 1196 - VII 1936

Pd₂

Grube R., Knabe R.,

"Z. Electrochem.", 1936,

(T_m)

42, 793-815.

Pd_2

Аскерман М. Угр.

1962
87

У. Chem. Phys.,
36, N 6, 1560

$D_0^\circ \leq 33 \frac{\text{ккал}}{\text{моль}}$

Масс-спектрометриче-
ское ~~исследование~~
паров ~~систем~~
Au-Cr и Au-Pd

(Au. Cr Au) III

ВФ-11-4412; 11-2190

1987

Pd₂

(A.P.

P)

17 Б84. О равновесии между одноатомным и двухатомным палладием и потенциал появления Pd₂. Gin-gerich Karl A. On the equilibrium between monatomic and diatomic palladium and the appearance potential of Pd₂. «Naturwissenschaften», 1967, 54, № 2, 43 (нем.)

С помощью масс-спектрометра в равновесном паре над палладием зарегистрированы молекулы Pd₂. Их потенциал появления найден равным $7,7 \pm 0,3$ эв. Отношение парциальных давлений P_{Pd}/P_{Pd_2} составляет $3,3 \cdot 10^6$, $2,5 \cdot 10^5$ и $1,4 \cdot 10^5$ при 1975, 2025 и 2085° К соответственно. Расчет проведен в предположении, что сечение ионизации Pd₂ в 1,6 раза больше сечения для Pd. Ю. Ходеев.



X. 1987. 17

Pd₂

Гловинков Т. И.

1970

ΔH^0_{D}

Общая и прикладная
химия, 1970, №2,
133.

● (Сер. Тиг II)

Pd_2

1984

Shim Irene, Ginge-
rich Karl A.

ΔM_f ; J. Chem. Phys., 1984,
80, N 10, 5107-5119.

(\bullet Pd_2 ; I)

F: Pd²⁺
P: 1

2000

133:301515 Theoretical Studies of the
Coordination and Stability of Divalent Cations in
ZSM-5. Rice, Mark J.; Chakraborty, Arup K.; Bell,
Alexis T. Chemical and Materials Sciences
Divisions Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
Departments of Chemical Engineering and Chemistry,
University of California Berkeley, CA 94720-
1462, USA J. Phys. Chem. B, 104(43), 9987-9992
(English) 2000. The coordination of divalent
metal cations to ZSM-5 has been investigated using
gradient-cor. d. functional theory (DFT).
Coordination at both isolated charge-exchange sites
and pairs of charge- exchange sites was considered

for Co^{2+} , Cu^{2+} , Fe^{2+} , Ni^{2+} , Pd^{2+} , Pt^{2+} , Ru^{2+} , Rh^{2+} , and Zn^{2+} . Thermodyn. calcns. of the stability of M^{2+} to redn. to M^0 and demetalation to form MO_x particles were also carried out. The results indicate that Cu^{2+} , Co^{2+} , Fe^{2+} , and Ni^{2+} are coordinated preferentially to five-membered rings contg. two Al atoms, which are located on the walls of the sinusoidal channels, whereas Pd^{2+} , Pt^{2+} , Ru^{2+} , Rh^{2+} , and Zn^{2+} are coordinated preferentially to six-membered rings located on the walls of the sinusoidal channels. Examn. of the stability of dimer cations of the form $[\text{M}-\text{O}-\text{M}]^{2+}$ shows that such structures are not generally stable to hydrolysis, with the possible exception of $[\text{Cu}-\text{O}-\text{Cu}]^{2+}$. The findings of these calcns. are in good general agreement with exptl. results.

2000

F: Pdn

P: 1

132:212842 Theoretical Studies in Palladium and
Platinum Molecular Chemis Dedieu, Alain Laboratoire
de Chimie Quantique, UMR 7551 CNRS/ULP Universite Louis
Pasteur Strasbourg 67000, Fr. Chem. Rev. (Washington, D.
C.), 100(2), 543-600 (English) 2000 The quantum chem.
studies of Pd and Pt mol. systems carried out since 19
are reviewed with 482 refs. to complement earlier
comprehensive reviews. covered include; mononuclear
systems; polynuclear systems; reactivity of Pt
complexes; and catalytic cycles.

C. A. 2000, 132