

UCLx

UCl , UCl_2 (II) [84 GUR / DOR] 1984.
(g) (g) Gurvich L.V., Dorofeeva O.V.

Personal communication Inst-for
High Temperature, Moscow, 1984, cited by
Hildenbrand D.J., Gurvich L.V., Yungman V.S.
The chemical thermodynamics of actinide
elements and compounds, Part 13
The gaseous actinide ions, Vienna.

International Atomic Energy Agency, 1985, p 187

Ullr

(g)

тепловы
гравитация

[84 GUR/DOR] IIK.

1984

Gurvich, Z.V., Dorofeeva O.V.

Personal communication, Inst. for High Temperature, Moscow, 1984, cited by Hildenbrand D. I.; Gurvich, Z.V., Yungman V.S. The chemical thermodynamics of actinide elements and compounds, Part 13.

The gaseous actinide ions, Vienna.

International Atomic Energy Agency, 1985, p. 187

UO₅

(g)

S⁰₂₅₈

Cp⁰₂₅₈

[85HILGUR]

IIK.

1984

Hildenbrand D.I., Gurvich L.V., Yungman V.S.

The chemical thermodynamics of
actinide elements and compounds;

Part 13. The gaseous actinide ions,
Vienna, International Atomic Energy
Agency, 1985, 187pp.

U₂U₁₀

[84COR (KUB)]

1984

(g)

Cordfunke, E.H.P., Kubaschewski, O.

C_{p258}

Thermochemical properties of
the system uranium-oxygen-chlorine.

Thermochim. Acta, 1984, 74, p. 235-45

UCL

Dec. 29/65

1988

Hildenbrand D.L.

Pure and Appl. Chem;
1988, 60, N3, 303-307.

m.p.?

(1)

UCl₂

[over. 29168]

1988

Hildenbrand D. L.

m.p. 1.

Pure and Appl. Chem.,
1988, 60, N3, 303-307.

○

UAl₃

acc. 29165

1988

Hildenbrand D.L.

m.p. 1. Pure and Appl. Chem,
1988, 60, N3, 303-307.

○

UChy

Oct. 29/68

1988

Hildenbrand D.L.

Pure and Appl. Chem.,

m.p. 2.

1988, 60, N3, 303 -

- 307.

(

Ull5

[over 29165]

1988

Hildenbrand D. L.

Pure and Appl. Chem.,

m.p.?

1988, 60, N3, 303-

— 307.

UCl₅

[om. 32761]

1989

Stølevik R.,

m. sp. 2. Acta Chem. Scand., 1989,
pacrem. 43, n 8, 758-762.

U Clyn

[OM 36227]

1991

Hildenbrand D.L., Lau K.H.
et al.

J. Chem. Phys. 1991. 94, N12,
Pt. 2, 8270-8275.

The entropies and probable
symmetries of the gaseous tho-
rium and  uranium tet-

UO(g)

[92GRE/FUG]

1992

Grenthe I., Fuger J., et al.

Chemical Thermodynamics of Uranium.
Amsterdam et al., NEA, 1992, p. 61.

T.cp.2.

$$\begin{aligned}a &= 5,77709(+01) \\b &= -2,74441(-02) \\c/d &= 1,87524(-05) \\e &= -7,22827(+05)\end{aligned}$$

$$T_{min} = 298$$

$$T_{max} = 1000$$

$$C_p^0 = a + bT + cT^2 + dT^{-1} + eT^{-2}$$

$UO_2(g)$

[92GRE/FUG]

1992

Grenthe I., Fuger G., et al.
Chemical Thermodynamics of Uranium.
Amsterdam et al, NEA, 1992, p. 61.

T.cp.2

$$\begin{aligned}a &= 5,22289(+01) \\b &= -3,16326(-03) \\c/d &= 4,59862(-06) \\e &= 1,08444(+05) \\T_{min} &= 298 \\T_{max} &= 1000.\end{aligned}$$

$$C_p^o(T) = a + bT + cT^2 + dT^{-1} + eT^{-2}.$$

$UO_2(g)$

[G2GRE/FUG]

1992

Grenthe I.; Fuger H., et al.

Chemical Thermodynamic Properties of Uranium.
Amsterdam et al., NEA, 1992, p. 61.

T.cp.2.

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 8,55239(+01) \\ b &= -6,61716(-03) \\ c/d &= 5,22328(-06) \\ e &= -1,43347(+05) \end{aligned}$$

$$T_{min} = 298$$

$$T_{max} = 1000$$

$$C_p(T) = a + bT + cT^2 + dT^{-1} + eT^{-2}$$

$UO_4(g)$

[92GRE/FUG]

1992

Grenthe I, Fuger J, et al.

Chemical Thermodynamics of Uranium
Amsterdam et al., NEA, 1992, p.61

$$\begin{aligned} T\text{-cp. 2 a} &= 1,12217(+02) \\ b &= 2,32451(-04) \\ c/d &= 5168114(-07) \\ e &= -4,16472(+05) \end{aligned}$$

$$T_{\min} = 298$$

$$T_{\max} = 1600$$

$$C_p^0 = a + bT + cT^2 + dT^{-1} + eT^{-2}$$

UCl₅(g)

[92GRE/FUG]

1992

Greene T., Fuger J., et al.

Chemical Thermodynamics of Uranium.

Amsterdam et al., NEA, 1992, p. 61.

T. q. 2.

$$a = 1,25195(+02)$$

$$b = 1,79496(-02)$$

$$c/d = -6,46755(-06)$$

$$e = -5,65216(+05)$$

$$T_{min} = 298$$

$$T_{max} = 1000$$

$$C_p^0(T) = a + bT + cT^2 + dT^{-1} + eT^{-2}$$

$UCl_6(g)$

[92GRE/FUG]

1992

Grenthe I.; Fuger J., et al.

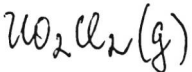
Chemical Thermodynamics of Uranium.
Amsterdam et al., NEA, 1992, p. 61.

T.p. 2, $a = 1,50313(+02)$
 $b = 1,76431(-02)$
 $c/d = -6,31723(-06)$
 $e = -6,93772(+05)$

$T_{min} = 298$

$T_{max} = 1000$

$C_p^0(T) = a + bT + cT^2 + dT^{-1} + eT^{-2}$



[92GRE/FUG]

1992

Grunthe T, Fuger J, et al.
Chemical Thermodynamics of Uranium
Amsterdam et al; NEA, 1992, p.61

T. cp. 2.

$$a = 9,45965(+01)$$

$$b = 2,28872(-02)$$

$$c/d = -1,09658(-05)$$

$$e = -7,26861(+05)$$

$$T_{\text{min}} = 298$$

$$T_{\text{max}} = 1600$$

$$C_p^0(T) = a + bT + ct^2 + dT^{-1} + eT^{-2}$$