

FeOOH

1964  
VI-4227

$\alpha$ -FeOOH (Vi)

Suetaka W.,

Nippon Kinzoku Gakkaishi, 1964, 28(10), 615.

Far infrared absorption spectra of ferric  
oxides and oxyhydroxide.

J

CA, 1967, 67, N4, 16276p.

$\text{FeOOH}$

ИК

$\nu_i$

Wataru Suetaka

1964

Nippon Kinzoku

Gakkaishi, 28, N10, 615

Спектр в даль-  
ней ИК - области  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$   
и гидроксидов.



(См.  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ ) III

FeOOH

1971.

(Vi)

64533u Infrared spectroscopic study of iron hydroxide. Tsymbal, E. P.; Smyshlyaev, S. I.; Orobei, V. G. (USSR). *Tr. Krasnodar. Politekh. Inst.* 1971, No. 40, 60-6 (Russ). From *Ref. Zh., Khim.* 1972, Abstr. No. 16B210. The ir absorption spectra of amorphous Fe hydroxide suspensions were measured at 400-4000  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . The freshly pptd. samples revealed a true hydroxide structure of FeOOH and not a hydrated Fe oxide  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ . The bands corresponding to the following vibrations were obsd.: 470 and 560  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ -FeO bond vibration; 625  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ -libration vibration of the OH group; 985, 1060 and 1140  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ -deformation vibration of the surface OH groups of a hydroxide; 1660  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ -plain deformation vibration of water mol. and 3410  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ -stretching vibration of hydroxides bound by a H bond. The H-bond energy of  $\alpha$ -FeOOH was 6.8-6.9 kcal/mole. Annealing of FeOOH at 389° resulted in the conversion to  $\alpha$ -Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> with preservation of adsorbed water, and at 1000° converted to pure  $\alpha$ -Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.

C.A. 1973.78, N 10

$\gamma\text{-FeOOH}$

1972

(4) 50147j Infrared spectra of iron(III) hydroxide sulfates and hydroxides. Shokarev, M. M.; Margulis, E. V.; Vershinina, F. I.; Beisekeeva, L. I.; Savchenko, L. A. (USSR). *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* 1972, 17(9), 2474-9 (Russ). The ir spectra of  $\alpha$ - and  $\gamma\text{-FeOOH}$ ,  $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})\text{SO}_4$ ,  $\text{MFe}_2(\text{OH})_6(\text{SO}_4)_2$ , ( $\text{M} = \text{Na}, \text{K}, \text{NH}_4$  or  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$ ) are given. The anal. of the normal vibrational modes of the compds. is given; the absorption max. were assigned. The  $\text{OH}^-$  bridges in the compds. are discussed. The authors recommend absorption bands which can be used for the identification of the investigated compds.

(vi)

C.A. 1973, 78, N 8

$\text{Fe}(\text{OH})\text{SO}_4$ ;  
(+)  
X

FeOON

Оттиск 14206

1982

кислотно-  
основн.  
св-ва и

термодинам.  
Характер.

Май Л.А.,

Уч. Академ. Наук  
Латвийской ССР,

● 1982, N 3, 292-295

$\text{Si}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}$  ( $\Delta + \text{H}$ ,  $S_{298}^0$ , непермозит,  
фуксизин)

С.А. 1981, 95, N 18, 157 744e

d-FeOOH

14083

1982

97: 14216q Normal coordinate analysis of  $\alpha$ -FeOOH - a molecular approach. Verdonck, L.; Hoste, S.; Roelandt, F. F.; Van der Kelen, G. P. (Lab. Gen. Inorg. Chem. B, Univ. Ghent, B-9000 Ghent, Belg.). *J. Mol. Struct.* 1982, 79, 273-9 (Eng). The IR spectra of  $\alpha$ -FeOOH and the deuterated analog are interpreted by a normal coordinate anal. The assumption was made of partial covalent bond formation between the oxy and hydroxy O and Fe. Frequencies and force consts. involving the motion of the H atom and the Fe-OH bond are evaluated in a distorted Fe<sub>3</sub>OH tetrahedron. The Fe-O parameters are sep. derived in a quasi planar trigonal Fe<sub>3</sub>O geometry.

lek enstpr

(H) ☒

Fe<sub>3</sub>OH (cua ● nocm.)

C.A. 1982, 97, N2.

$\alpha$ -FeOOH

Ommuck 14083

1982

UK cncmp,  
Di, cnc. nod;  
cncpccue

Verdonck L., Hoste S.,  
et al.,

J. Mol. Struct., 1982,  
79, 273-279.

C.A. 1948, 89, N26,

d-FeOOH

14083

1982

18 Б614. Нормально-координатный анализ  $\alpha$ -FeOOH: молекулярное приближение. Verdonck L., Höste S., Roelandt F. F., van der Kelen G. P. Normal coordinate analysis of  $\alpha$ -FeOOH—a molecular approach. Proceedings of the 15 European Congress on Molecular Spectroscopy, University of East Anglia, Norwich, 7—11 Sept., 1981. «J. Mol. Struct.», 1982, 79, 273—279 (англ.)

ИК спектры  
поглощения

Измерены ИК-спектры поглощения гетита,  $\alpha$ -FeOOH (ф. гр.  $R\bar{3}m$ ,  $Z=4$ ) и его дейтероаналога в таблетках CsBr. Рассчитаны частоты и силовые постоянные нормальных колебаний в «молек. приближении» путем рассмотрения колебания атомов H и связи Fe—OH в искаженном тетраэдре  $Fe_3OH$ , а также несмешивающихся с ними колебаний Fe—O в квазиплоской тригон.

X. 1982, 19, ~18.

группировке  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}$ . Эксперим. частоты вал. кол.  $\text{OH}$  (OD)  $3140\text{ см}^{-1}$  ( $2330\text{ см}^{-1}$ ), деф. плоскостн.  $\text{OH}$  (OD) 886 (680), деф. внеплоскостн.  $\text{OH}$  (OD) 795 ((580), вал.  $\text{Fe(3)—OH}$  450, вал. асимм.  $\nu_{as}$   $\text{Fe—OH}$  403, вал. симм.  $\nu_s$   $\text{OH}$  360, вал.  $\text{Fe(3)—O}$  630,  $\nu_{as}$   $\text{Fe—O}$  495,  $\nu_s$   $\text{Fe—O}$   $270\text{ см}^{-1}$  хорошо описываются принятой упрощенной моделью. Небольшие расхождения могут быть связаны с пренебрежением влиянием Н-связей  $\text{OH}\cdots\text{O}$ .

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Б. В. Рассадин

1994

S-FeOON  
отрабатане  
круп. зрна

Ishikawa T., Yabukawa A., Kando K.  
Ozil R.,

J. Chem. Soc. Faraday Trans. 1994, 90, 117

2567-2571  
Textures of tetradecahedron S-FeOON  
particles and their thermal decompo-  
sition product.

8- FeOOH

1998

128: 206905u Thermodynamic properties of iron oxides and hydroxides. Part 3. Surface and bulk thermodynamic properties of lepidocrocite ( $\gamma$ -FeOOH) to 500 K. Diakonov, Igor I. (Department Geology, University Bristol, Bristol, UK BS8 1RJ). *Eur. J. Mineral.* 1998, 10(1), 31-41 (Eng), E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung. A consistent set of bulk thermodyn. properties  $\leq 500$  K for lepidocrocite (I) was generated on the basis of a crit. anal. of literature data with the account for the surface thermodyn. properties. Exptl. measurements of the heat capacity of I are consistent with the equation:  $C_p^0 = 65.205 + 0.067665T - 0.81564 \times 10^6/T^2$  (298.15-500 K) which yields a value of the std. heat capacity at 298.15 K:  $C_p^0 = 76.2 \pm 1.5$  J/mol K. Measured enthalpies of dehydration of I to disordered maghemite and of its transition reaction to goethite result in a std. enthalpy of formation of I at 298.15 K:  $\Delta_f H^0 = -556.4 \pm 2.0$  kJ/mol. Std. entropy at 298.15 K was estd. as  $S^0 = 62.5 \pm 5.0$  J/mol K from those of goethite, diasporite, and boehmite. Std. Gibbs energy of formation at 298.15 K and the soly. product of I were calcd. as:  $\Delta_f G^0 = -486.3 \pm 2.5$  kJ/mol and  $pK_{sp} = 41.4 \pm 0.6$ . Soly. curves of I were calcd. at 298.15 K as a function of pH and grain size.

cp.  
 $\Delta_f H^0$ ,  
measured  
cb - bar

C.A. 1998, 128, N17

B378  
6/11/98